SAFETY DATA SHEET

AIRLOK FLEX® WG & AIRLOK FLEX® WG with ProBan®

| Section 1. Identifi | cation | |
|--|---|-----------|
| GHS product identifier | : AIRLOK FLEX [®] WG & AIRLOK FLEX [®] WG with ProBan [®] | |
| Other means of identification | : Not available. | |
| Product type | : Liquid. | |
| Identified uses Liquid airbarrier system. | | |
| Supplier's details | Polyguard Products Inc.Distributor's detailsBowman Constru3801 South Interstate 4510801 E. 54th AvEnnis, TX 75119Denver, CO 8023Tel: (800)541-4994Tel: (303)696-896 | enue 9 |
| Emergency telephone number (with hours of | : CHEMTREC, U.S. : 1-800-424-9300 International: +1-703-527-3887 | |
| operation) | (24/7) | |
| Section 2. Hazard | s identification | |
| OSHA/HCS status | : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). | |
| Classification of the substance or mixture | : CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 | |
| GHS label elements | | |
| Hazard pictograms | | |
| Signal word | : Danger | |
| Hazard statements | May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. | |
| Precautionary statements | | |
| Prevention | : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precaut been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smol using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. | Avoid |
| Response | : Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get med attention. | cal |
| Storage | : Store locked up. | |
| Disposal | : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, nation international regulations. | onal and |

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture | : Mixture |
|-------------------|------------------|
| Other means of | : Not available. |
| identification | |

| CAS number | : Not applicable. |
|--------------|-------------------|
| Product code | : Not available. |

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|--|---------|------------|
| Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro | 1 - 5 | 63449-39-8 |
| Crystalline silica, quartz | 1 - 5 | 14808-60-7 |
| Diuron | 0 - 0.1 | 330-54-1 |
| 3-lodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate | 0 - 0.1 | 55406-53-6 |
| Carbendazim | 0 - 0.1 | 10605-21-7 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

| Eye contact | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. |
|--------------|--|
| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. |
| Skin contact | Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. |
| Ingestion | : Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

| Eye contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Ingestion | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Section 4. First aid measures

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

| Eye contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Ingestion | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

| Notes to physician | : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. | |
|----------------------------|---|----|
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. | |
| Protection of first-aiders | : If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriat mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. | te |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Extinguishing media | |
|--|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : None known. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : No special measures are required. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | | |
|---|--|--|
| For non-emergency personnel | : Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. | |
| For emergency responders | : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". | |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures | : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
|--|---|
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Crystalline silica, quartz Diuron | OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable TWA: 250 mppcf 8 hours. Form: Respirable ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: respirable dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: respirable dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 10 hours. |



Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls | f user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosure ocal exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure hey comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. | |
|---|---|-------|
| Individual protection measur | | |
| Hygiene measures | Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, befo eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensu hat eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. | |
| Eye/face protection | Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unle he assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. | |
| Skin protection | | |
| Hand protection | Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard shoul worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates the necessary. | |
| Body protection | Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task I performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before nandling this product. | being |
| Other skin protection | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selec based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved specialist before handling this product. | |
| Respiratory protection | Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approstandard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection mubased on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the working limits of the selected respirator. | st be |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

| Physical state | : Liquid. |
|--|---------------------|
| Color | : White. |
| Odor | : Latex paint like. |
| Odor threshold | : Not available. |
| рН | : 8.9 to 9.3 |
| Melting point | : Not available. |
| Boiling point | : Not available. |
| Flash point | : Not available. |
| Evaporation rate | : 1 (Water = 1) |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : Not available. |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : Not applicable. |
| Vapor pressure | : Not available. |
| Vapor density | Not available. |
| Relative density | : 8.53 lbs/gal |



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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| Solubility | 1 | Soluble in water. |
|--|---|-------------------|
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : | Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : | Not applicable. |
| Decomposition temperature | : | Not available. |
| Viscosity | : | 110-120 KU |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : No specific data. |
| Incompatible materials | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, strong acids, strong bases. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|--|-------------|---------|-------------|----------|
| Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro | LD50 Oral | Rat | 26100 mg/kg | - |
| Diuron | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1 g/kg | - |
| 3-lodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1470 mg/kg | - |
| Carbendazim | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 8500 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat | 2 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5050 mg/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|--|----------------------|---------|-------|-----------------|-------------|
| Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 mg | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rat | - | 24 hours 100 mg | - |

Sensitization

There is no data available.

Carcinogenicity

Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP | ACGIH | EPA | NIOSH |
|---------------------------------|------|---------|--------------|---------|-----|--------|
| Calcium meta-silicate Quartz | - | 3 2A | - Proven. | - A2 | - | - + |

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

AIRLOK FLEX® WG & AIRLOK FLEX® WG with ProBan®

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Name | | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|----------------------------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| 3-lodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | • • | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|----------------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Crystalline silica, quartz | Category 1 | | kidneys, respiratory tract and testes |
| Diuron | Category 2 | Not determined | Not determined |

Aspiration hazard

There is no data available.

| Information on the likely routes of exposure | : | Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation. |
|--|---|--|
| Potential acute health effects | | |
| Eye contact | ÷ | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Inhalation | ÷ | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | ÷ | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Ingestion | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| | | |

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Eye contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Ingestion | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

| <u>Short term exposure</u> | | |
|------------------------------|--|--------|
| Potential immediate effects | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | |
| Potential delayed effects | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | |
| Long term exposure | | |
| Potential immediate effects | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | |
| Potential delayed effects | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | |
| Potential chronic health eff | <u>ts</u> | |
| General | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. | |
| Carcinogenicity | May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of expo | osure. |
| Mutagenicity | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | |
| Teratogenicity | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | |
| Developmental effects | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | |
| Fertility effects | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | |

Numerical measures of toxicity

Section 11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity estimates

There is no data available.

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|--|--|--|----------|
| Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro | Acute LC50 160000 µg/L Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss | 96 hours |
| Diuron | EC50 1.4 mg/L | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 2.26 µg/L Marine water | Algae - Coccolithus huxleyi - Exponential growth phase | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 0.0007 mg/L Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 0.005 mg/L Fresh water | Aquatic plants - Lemna sp. | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 380 µg/L Fresh water | Crustaceans - Gammarus lacustris | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 500 µg/L Fresh water | Fish - Morone saxatilis - Larvae | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.54 µg/L Marine water | Algae - Coccolithus huxleyi - Exponential growth phase | 72 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 26.4 ppb | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 60 days |
| 3-lodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate | Acute EC50 0.16 ppm Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 500 ppb Fresh water | Crustaceans - Hyalella azteca | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 67 ppb Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 8.4 ppb | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 35 days |
| Carbendazim | Acute EC50 19.0562 mg/L Fresh water | Algae - Scenedesmus acutus var. acutus | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 >100000 µg/L Marine water | Crustaceans - Cancer magister - Zoea | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 20 µg/L Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 7 µg/L Fresh water | Fish - Ictalurus punctatus - Yolk-sac fry | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 33.5 to 36 µg/L Fresh water | Crustaceans - Crustacea | 21 days |
| | Chronic NOEC 3.1 ppb Marine water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 21 days |

Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|------|-----------|
| Diuron | 2.84 | 5.2 | low |
| Carbendazim | 1.52 | 2.51 | low |

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: There is no data available.

Other adverse effects : No know

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT Classification | IMDG | ΙΑΤΑ |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|----------------|
| UN number | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | Not regulated. |
| UN proper shipping name | - | - | - |
| Transport hazard class(es) | - | - | - |
| Packing group | - | - | - |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. |
| Additional information | - | - | - |

AERG : Not applicable.

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

| Transport in bulk according | : Not available. |
|-----------------------------|------------------|
| to Annex II of MARPOL | |
| 73/78 and the IBC Code | |

Section 15. Regulatory information

| U.S. Federal regulations | : | TSCA 8(a) PAIR: Diuron |
|---|----|--|
| | | TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined |
| | | Not determined. |
| | | Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Formaldehyde; Diuron |
| Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) | : | Not listed |
| Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances | : | Not listed |
| Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances | : | Not listed |
| DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) | : | Not listed |
| DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) | : | Not listed |
| SARA 302/304 | | |
| Composition/information | on | ingredients |
| | | |



AIRLOK FLEX® WG & AIRLOK FLEX® WG with ProBan®

Section 15. Regulatory information

| | | | SARA 302 TPQ | | SARA 304 RQ | |
|--------------|---------|------|--------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| Name | % | EHS | (lbs) | (gallons) | (lbs) | (gallons) |
| Formaldehyde | 0 - 0.1 | Yes. | - | - | - | - |

SARA 304 RQ

: Not applicable.

SARA 311/312 Classification

: Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

| Name | % | Fire hazard | Sudden release of pressure | Reactive | Immediate (acute) health hazard | Delayed (chronic) health hazard |
|--|---------|----------------|----------------------------------|----------|--|--|
| Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro | 1 - 5 | No. | No. | No. | No. | Yes. |
| Crystalline silica, quartz | 1 - 5 | No. | No. | No. | No. | Yes. |
| Diuron | 0 - 0.1 | No. | No. | No. | Yes. | Yes. |
| 3-lodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate | 0 - 0.1 | No. | No. | No. | Yes. | No. |
| Carbendazim | 0 - 0.1 | No. | No. | No. | No. | Yes. |

State regulations

| Massachusetts | 1 | The following components are listed: Limestone; Crystalline silica, quartz |
|---------------|---|---|
| New York | 1 | None of the components are listed. |
| New Jersey | 1 | The following components are listed: Limestone; Crystalline silica, quartz |
| Pennsylvania | : | The following components are listed: Limestone; Crystalline silica, quartz; Oxydipropanol; Rutile |

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

| Ingredient name | Cancer | • | • | Maximum acceptable dosage level |
|----------------------------|--------|-----|------|---------------------------------------|
| Rutile | Yes. | No. | No. | No. |
| Crystalline silica, quartz | Yes. | No. | No. | No. |
| Diuron | Yes. | No. | No. | No. |
| Carbon black | Yes. | No. | No. | No. |
| Formaldehyde | Yes. | No. | Yes. | No. |

Section 16. Other information

- Health: 2 * Flammability:
- 0 Physical hazards: 0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health: 2 Flammability: 0 Instability:

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Section 16. Other information

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

| <u>History</u> | | |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy | 09/15/2014 | |
| Date of previous issue | 04/15/2013 | |
| Version | 3 | |
| Revised Section(s) | 2, 3, 8, 9, 11, 12,15, 16 | |
| Prepared by | KMK Regulatory Services Inc. | |
| Key to abbreviations | ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemical IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations | |

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

