

Tensar InterAx™

Installation Guide

Tensar InterAx™ geogrids are used to minimize aggregate fill requirements, reduce or eliminate undercut, improve compaction, build construction platforms, and extend service life. These features depend on proper installation.

1. STORAGE

Store Tensar InterAx geogrid rolls in a manner that prevents excessive mud, wet concrete, epoxy, or other deleterious materials from coming into contact with the geogrid. Store geogrids above -20°F (-29°C) and avoid handling below 14°F (-10°C). Tensar geogrids may be stored uncovered for up to six months in direct exposure to sunlight without any loss in certifiable structural properties (contact Tensar if longer exposure is anticipated).

2. PREPARING THE SITE

- Clear, grub and excavate (if necessary) to the design subgrade elevation, stripping topsoil, deleterious debris and unsuitable material from the site.
- Smooth grade and compact the soils using appropriate compaction equipment. Grade or crown the surface for positive drainage away from the construction zone.
- Place the rolls of Tensar InterAx geogrid in position, cut the roll bands and manually unroll the material over the prepared surface. The prepared surface may be the subgrade, subbase, or base elevation depending on the application. Tensar InterAx can be installed directly on the subgrade and no granular fill needs to be placed first.

SAFETY - Appropriate personal protective equipment should always be worn when handling, installing, and cutting Tensar InterAx. This may include hearing and eye protection, protective gloves, and long shirt sleeves and pants.

3. PLACING AND OVERLAPPING

- Unroll the geogrid in the direction of travel so that the roll is parallel with traffic patterns. Adjacent geogrid rolls should be shingled in the intended direction of aggregate spread.
- Cut and overlap the geogrid to accommodate curves. Cutting may be done with sharp shears, a knife-like implement or handheld power (e.g., “cutoff”) saws. Cut grid to conform to manhole covers and other immovable protrusions.
- If a geotextile is required, it should be placed first with the geogrid immediately on top. Alternatively, InterAx FilterGrid™ (geogrid/geotextile composite) should be considered to speed installation.
- Overlap amount as required by the project documents, or as recommended in the table below.

Summary of Tensar® Geogrid Installation Parameters

Subgrade Strength	Clear All Vegetation?	Geogrid Overlap ¹	Direct Traffic ²
$\text{CBR} \leq 1$	If Possible	3 ft	NO
$1 < \text{CBR} < 4$	Yes	2 ft	NO
$4 \leq \text{CBR}$	Yes	1 ft	YES

NOTES:

1. Nylon zip ties may be helpful to maintain overlap when $\text{CBR} \leq 0.5\%$
2. Rubber tire equipment only
3. A separation geotextile should be considered when separation criteria are not met, or subgrade and aggregate gradations are unknown, but of concern
4. FilterGrid should be considered to accelerate geotextile installation or when subgrade is so soft that placing the geotextile is difficult



Watch our short installation video by scanning this code with your phone camera.

4. TENSIONING AND PINNING

- Tensar InterAx geogrids may be anchored in place to maintain overlaps and alignment over the coverage area.
- Before fully unrolling the geogrid, anchor the beginning of the roll to the underlying surface in the center and at the corners of the roll's edge. This can be done with small piles of aggregate fill or a washer and pin. Large, heavy-gauge staples may also be used by driving them into the subsoil through the apertures of the grid.
- Unroll the geogrid. Align it and pull it taut to remove wrinkles and lay down slack with hand tension, then secure in place. If necessary, geogrid can be repositioned after it has been unrolled. Lift adjacent unrolled sheets at their edges to avoid snagging.

5. DUMPING AND SPREADING AGGREGATE FILL

- Generally, at least 4 to 6 inches is required for the initial lift thickness of aggregate fill over Tensar InterAx geogrids. However, for very soft conditions, a thicker fill layer may be required to prevent excessive rutting and/or bearing capacity failure of the underlying subgrade soils.
- Over competent subgrades (CBR > 4), aggregate fill may be dumped directly onto the geogrid. Standard, highway-legal, rubber-tired trucks (end dumps and belly dumps) may drive over the geogrid at very slow speeds (less than 5 mph) and dump aggregate fill as they advance, provided this construction traffic will not cause significant rutting upon bare subgrade. Turns and sudden stops should be avoided.
- Only operate rubber-tired equipment directly on the geogrid if the underlying subsoil is not prone to rutting under construction traffic.

6. COMPACTING

- Standard compaction methods may be used unless the soils are very soft. In these cases, static instead of vibratory compaction is prudent, particularly over fine-grained, non-cohesive soils such as silt.
- Compact aggregate fill to project specifications after it has been graded smooth and before it is subject to accumulated traffic. Inadequate compaction will result in surface rutting under wheel loads. This rutting reduces the total effective thickness of the fill and increases stress on the subgrade.

7. SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS

TRENCHING:

Tensar InterAx are routinely excavated and punched through in order to place guardrail posts, bridge piers, and underground utilities. When backfilling a trench, the geogrid can be replaced by cutting a new piece to size and placing it in its proper position according to the design.

SURFACE RUTTING

If deep rutting occurs beneath truck wheels, do not grade out the ruts. Rutting is normally indicative of fill that is too thin, too wet or inadequately compacted. Grading out the rut will reduce aggregate fill thickness between the wheel paths and may lead to geogrid exposure.

Fill in the ruts with additional specified aggregate fill and compact. This places extra fill where it's needed and may prevent further rutting under channelized traffic.

Crown the fill during the grading process to ensure positive drainage and to prevent fill saturation.

SATURATED SUBGRADE:

Static compaction is recommended in saturated subgrade conditions. Open-graded stone with a geotextile below the geogrid or well-graded sand may be beneficial for the initial bridging lift. These fill types may need to be capped with dense graded aggregate to pave or pass a proof roll.

MAKE REPAIRS

If Tensar InterAx geogrid become damaged during or after installation, repair it by patching the area with the following measures:

1. Remove fill from the surface of the damaged geogrid and clear a three foot area around the damage.
2. The geogrid patch should cover the damaged area and extend three feet beyond it in all directions.

COLD WEATHER:

Store InterAx geogrid above -20 °F (-29 °C) and avoid handling below 14 °F (-10 °C). At sub-freezing temperatures, Tensar InterAx geogrid is less impact resistant and can be fractured with dynamic force (e.g. striking with a hammer). Other aspects of dynamic loading associated with very cold temperatures should be avoided.

This guide covers a broad range of typical construction scenarios, but can not account for every possible situation.

If you have questions regarding a specific project, call 800-TENSAR-1 or visit www.TensarCorp.com.





LOCATIONS & CONTACT INFO

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SOLUTIONS WE SUPPLY

GEOSYNTHETICS

Filter Fabrics
Stabilization Fabrics
Geogrids

- Road Grids
- Wall Grids
- Slope Stabilization

Specialty Fabrics

Composite Geomembranes

- GCLs, PVC, HDPE, LLDPE, EPDM, Granular Bentonite

SEDIMENT CONTROL

Inlet Protection

- Grated Inlet, Curb Inlet, Area Inlet Protection

Ditch Checks

- Triangle Silt Dike
- GeoRidge

Perimeter Protection

- High and Low-Porosity Silt Fence, Straw Wattles, Silt Socks
- Safety Fence

Flocculants & Water Treatment

- Polymer-Based & Natural Flocculants

Sediment Basin Skimmers

Dewatering Bags

Trackout Control

- FODS
- Rumble Grates

Turbidity Curtains

EROSION CONTROL

Basic Hydraulically Applied Mulches

- Wood
- Paper
- Blends
- Straw

High-Performance Hydraulically Applied Products

- BFM
- FGM
- Additives & Tackifiers

Temporary Erosion Control Blankets

- Coir & Jute Mat/Nettings
- Short-Term ECBs
- Extended-Term ECBs

Permanent Erosion Control Blankets

- Turf Reinforcement Mats
- HP-TRMs
- Anchor Reinforced Vegetation System

Structural BMPs

- Transition Mats
- Geoweb Cellular Confinement
- Composite Vegetated Armor System
- Flex MSE Vegetated Wall System
- Articulated Concrete Block
- Gabions
- Grout-Filled Geotextile Mats

Vegetation Establishment

- Native Seed & Turf Seed
- Fertilizers
- Organic Soil Additives
- Stratavault Soil Cells

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

Water Quality

- Inlet Filter Boxes
- Pre-Treatment Chamber
- Nutrient Separating Baffle Boxes
- High-Flow Biofiltration Media
- Hydrodynamic Separators
- Stratavault

Water Quantity

- Modular Underground Storage Systems
- Chamber Detention Systems

Drainage

- HDPE Swale Liner
- Pipe & Fittings
- Drainage Composites
- Strip Drain

Inlet Structures

- PVC
- Drain Basis, In-Line Drains
- Landscape

Permeable Pavers

- Permeable Articulating Concrete Block
- Grass Pavers
- Gravel Pavers
- Concrete Pavers

SPECIALTY

Natural & Synthetic Coir Fiber Logs

Vegetated Reinforced Soil Slopes

Soil Anchors

Root Barrier System

AquaBlok

Muscle Wall

We are full line distributors of construction materials for all project types. Contact us for assistance with a project. From specification and development to installation and completion, we're here to help with all of your site solution needs.

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